

Landscapus INC

Technical Data Sheet (TDS)

AS/NZS 2009:2006 Glass beads for pavement-marking materials

Characeristice: AS 2009:2006/Bright glass beads:

Chemical Composition(by weight):	Physical Properties:
Silica(SiO2) 62-75%	Specific Gravity 2.5g/cm3
Aluminum Oxide (Al2O3) 0-5%	Softening Temperature 650 ℃
Calcium Oxide (CaO) 6-17%	Coefficient of Thermal Expansion 90 x 10-7/°C (30-300°C)
Magnesium Oxide(MgO) 1-5%	Strength 60,000 to 65,000 psi
Sodium Oxide(Na2O) 10-20%	Vicker Hardness 756,250 pis
Iron Oxide (Fe2O3) <0.8%	Refractive Index 1.50 (nD)

2 GENERAL

Glass beads are used in a range of sizes in conjunction with both hot- and cold-applied pavement markings. These beads are also available with special coating grades including 'Moisture-proof', and 'Adherence'.

3 BEAD TYPES

3.1 Class A beads (premix)

Class A beads are mixed into road-marking material by the manufacturer prior to application, and are intended to provide retroreflectivity throughout the life of the marking. These beads are to be mixed at a rate of not less than 30% by mass.

3.2 Class B beads (drop-on)

Class B glass beads are applied under gravity or pressure as a surface application to a wet film of pavement marking to provide initial retroreflectivity. These beads should be applied on a smooth substrate. A nominal rate of 270–300 G/m2 may be appropriate, while a coarse surface substrate usually requires a higher application rate to achieve the required level of retroreflectivity.

NOTE: These beads have a moisture-proof coating to facilitate flow and reduce the risk of 'caking'.

3.3 Class C beads (intermix)

Class C beads are mixed into thermoplastic road-marking material by the manufacturer prior to application, and are intended to provide retroreflectivity throughout the life of the marking. These beads should be intermixed at a rate of not less than 20% by mass. These beads may also be used for surface applications to a wet film of pavement marking to provide initial retroreflectivity. These beads should be applied on a smooth substrate. A nominal rate of 350 G/m2 may be appropriate, while a coarse surface substrate usually requires a higher rate of application to achieve the required level of retroreflectivity.



NOTE: These beads are not moisture-proof coated, and if used for surface applications, could 'cake' during handling.

3.4 Class D beads (large wet-weather beads)

Class D glass beads are applied under gravity or pressure as a surface application to a wet film of pavement marking to provide initial retroreflectivity. These beads should be applied on a smooth substrate. A nominal rate of 500 G/m2 may be appropriate, while a coarse surface substrate usually requires a higher rate of application to achieve the required level of retroreflectivity.

NOTE: These beads have no moisture-proof coating and are, therefore, also suitable for intermixing into thermoplastic road-marking material to provide retroreflectivity in both dry and wet conditions throughout the life of the marking. These beads should be intermixed at a rate of not less than 20% by mass.

4 SizeBead sizes shall comply with the size distribution requirements of Table

SIZE DISTRIBUTION FOR GLASS BEADS

Sieve size, μm	Glass Bead Type				
	A Percent RETAINED by mass	B Percent PASSING by mass	C Percent RETAINED by mass	D Percent PASSING by mass	
1700				100	
1400 1300			Trace	95–100	
1180			0-3	80-95	
1000 850		100	5-20	10-40 0-5	
710			No. 140.00 (1)	0-2	
600 425	0 10–30	90–100 35–75	65–95		
300 212	40-60 20-40	15-45			
150		0-5			
108 75		0-1			
Pan	0-10		0-10		

Type B, C, D above are available in 2 grades:

Standard grade

HR or High Retroreflectivity Grade: BHR, CHR, DHR